

PACE-Net: Pacific Europe network for Science and Technology Project no. : 244510

Deliverable 2.2

Suva Meeting: November 30th – December 3rd 2010 Suva – Fiji

Work Package 2: Deliverable Report 2.2

Prepared by: Fanny Pascual (PACE-Net project manager)

Date : 07.12.2010







Website: http://www.pacenet.eu/

Participants:

- Ian GAUCI BORDA IGB (*MCST*)
- Emma MacDonald EM (MoRST)
- Lohi MATAINAHO LM (UPNG)
- Sheik Izzal AZID SIA (USP)
- Anjeela JOKHAN AJ (USP)
- Olivier AUGUIN –OA (*SPC*)
- Shilpa KUMAR-ROINE SKR (SPC)
- Fanny PASCUAL FP (IRD –European project manager)

Video conference Participants (1st- 2nd Dec):

- Hans STAEHLE HS (*IB of BMBF*)
- Claude PAYRI CP (*IRD Coordinator*)
- Carol GLYNN CG (*CGC*)

Impossible to contact Katherine DANIELL (ANU) and Paola MATERIA (APRE) due to technical problem of connection.

<u>SUMMARY</u>

1/ Preliminary Results WP1 & 2

2/ Task 4.5: multipliers' training

- 3/ KS, External Advisory Board and WP 6
- 4/ WP 5
- 5/ Others remarks

APPENDIXES

- 1/ WP1 Preliminary results
- 2/ WP2 Preliminary results
- 3/ Survey for governmental bodies
- 4/ Detailed list of PACE-Net Key Stakeholders
- 5/ Presentation of a USP Renewable energy project
- 6/ Cost report template
- 7/ Updated note on the project

1. Preliminary Results

1.1 Presentation WP1 (USP) & WP2 (SPC) preliminary results.

Presentation of 3 PowerPoint documents (WP 1 and WP2) (See appendix 1 a - b and 2) Survey is composed of **3 questionnaires**:

- Questionnaire 1 for research organisations in OCTs, ACPs (1st October except PNG/Hawaii)
- **Questionnaire 2** for Australian and NZ research organisations (1st November 2010)
- **Questionnaire 3** for political/governmental bodies (draft in progress, dissemination after the meeting)

<u>Questionnaire</u> n°1: **23.53%** questionnaires filled out by research organisations/ institutions contacted by USP, SPC and IRD (NZ and Australia have launched it on 1st November)

Suggestion to increase this rate (encourage organisations already contacted to fill out the questionnaires): USP, SPC and IRD will concentrate their effort only on biggest and most relevant organisations. Before the 10th December 2010 a 2-page note will be prepared by USP and SPC with most relevant figures of the mapping and of Key Stakeholders registration. This note will be sent to all organisations before 15th December 2010 in order to:

- To thank those who have filled out the 2 questionnaires (Questionnaires 1 & 2)
- To encourage those who haven't done it

• To inform and motivate those who haven't already been contacted: SKR, SIA for ACPs, FP for OCTs, EM and KD respectively for NZ and Australia will remain the contact point for the organisations contacted for the survey, if WP leaders 1 & 2 need more information.

UPNG will start the survey in Papua New Guinea and Hawaii just after the meeting in Suva.

OA notices that the questionnaire doesn't mention **existing networks**, mostly informal networks such as associations or connections between individual researchers (e.g. PACINET about taxonomy in the Pacific, PAPF Net launched by SPC).

SIA suggests putting **questionnaires on the website**, as it has been done for KS application form. FP replies that experience of the Era-Net NETBIOME demonstrates that it has not been successful.

SKR explains **problems of definition** of terms such as "research". Some organisations consider applied studies or simple surveys as research projects.

A list of contacts will be established from the information collected during the survey in order to help WP 3, 4 and WP 5 organise events/network.

FP remarks problems of definition of themes: we use a European classification in the questionnaire, but strategic documents analysed in D.2.1 use different terms (e.g. environment, climate change and biodiversity in D 2.1 but "environment" comprises climate change and biodiversity in the questionnaire).

1.2 Suggestions for the organisation of the 1st Platform and Thematic Workshops

Given the survey results and deliverables 2.1 and 2.2, the partners who attended the meeting in Suva suggested:

- For the 1st Platform: June 2011 in Australia (depending on ANU's approval) or in New Zealand. Suggestion validated by partners through videoconference.
- For the thematic Workshops: IRD would like to identify 2 themes for 2011. <u>Health</u> <u>and Environment</u> are proposed as the 2 first priorities for the region (D. 2.1) and as themes supported by Pacific research teams. [AJ suggests also Renewable Energy and ICT. She adds that collecting data for climate change or biodiversity for example is a priority for future research. OA proposes that themes supported must develop Pacific expertise as an international competence/reference] Combining Thematic workshops with the 1st platform will reinforce the network and allow partners to participate in all events (if experts are available). No comment on the Methodology of these thematic Workshops, that had been sent before the meeting.

1.3 Survey for Governmental bodies

Draft validated by partners on the 2nd Dec 2010. *See appendix 3* (to be sent soon)

Deadline for all surveys: mid-March 2011

2. Task 4.5: Multipliers' training

Carole Glynn (from CGC) presents this task on videoconference on 2nd December to partners involved in the training (USP, UPNG, SPC and IRD which are the multipliers for OCTs').

<u>Two sessions of 5 days</u> will be organised for multipliers (persons who will be special contact points for the region on behalf of the EC). First step will be to identify these persons according to the concentration of research/S&T in the region: one person from UPNG (Boe Lahui-Ako, Deputy Dean of Research), one from USP (Dr. Jito Vanualailai, Associate Dean in Research and Graduate Affairs in Faculty of Science Technology and Environment in USP), one from French Polynesia, one from NC, one from SPC (Olivier Auguin). Australia and NZ already have their NCPs.

1. The first session will be held in Noumea from March 28, to April 1. 2011 and will focus on FP7 programmes/instruments during 4 days, plus 1 day facing an audience of researchers.

The second session will deal with administrative and financial aspects of FP7 during 5 days between Sept-Oct-Nov 2011 (date and location will be chosen during the first session). Persons involved in the 1st training are encouraged to follow this session as well.

<u>Location</u>: the first session shall take place in Noumea to decrease travel costs (2 or 3 persons still in Noumea) and to invite the European delegation based in NC. Presentations in front of an audience of researchers will be then organised in different places, depending on events (platforms, conferences, etc.)

All multipliers must confirm their availability for the first session **before December 10, 2010**. CGC will fund travel costs for one multiplier of USP, UPNG. IRD will pay for SPC, New Caledonia and French Polynesia. CG asks APRE, MCST and ANU (FEAST) to help her supporting multipliers after the training.

3. KS, External Advisory Board and WP6

3.1 KS

Since 1st October 2010, the application form for KS has been inserted to the website. **No ACP countries** have applied yet. *See appendix 4* "detailed list of KS".



KS countries

Presentation of Renewable energy project at USP *(See appendix 5)* OA suggested linking this project with TEP Vertes project, the aim of which is to equip isolated areas in the OCTs with independent electricity production systems.

Meetings with potential KS:

- Atul K. Raturi (USP Engineering and Physics)
- William Camargo (USP aquaculture)
- Johnson Seeto (USP Marine Studies)
- Mohit Prasat (USP associate Dean)
- Inoke Ratukalou (SPC director land resources division)

- Fekitamoeloa K. 'Utoikamanu (SPC Deputy director-general Suva regional office)
- Surendra Prasat (USP Chemistry)
- Gurmeet Singh (USP Marketing and international business)
- Rafiuddin Ahmed (USP thermo fluids and Energy Eng.)
- Gilianne Brodie (USP Taxonomy/contact for PACINET network)

Visit to the EC delegation in Fiji (Suva)

Cristina Casella (3rd secretary regional integration, natural resources and environment) and Rosalba Tuseo (3rd secretary social sectors) want to be involved in the project and agreed on relaying information on PACE-Net in the region.

1.2 External Advisory Board (EAB)

Two advisors from Europe, 1 from ACPs, 1 from OCTs and 1 from Aust/NZ have been proposed as EABs. Advisors names and a brief description of their position are required before 1st February 2011 and ballot will be closed on 15th February 2011 in order to send them deliverables from WP1 and WP2.

2 Europe	Pacifique (1 OCT – 1 ACP)	1 Aust-NZ
Sabatucci (DG dev EC) APRE	Mennesson (IAC - NC) IRD	NZaid or AusAld IB?
Froissard (DG research EC) IRD	Muraru lal (ACP-USP) USP	CSIRO (aust) IB and ANU?

The following suggested names have been discussed during the meeting.

1.3 WP 6

- Amendment (DoW and ANU's inclusion) in process sent to EC respectively on 5th October 2010 and 25th November 2010
- ToR validated on the 31st of October 2010 by the Consortium
- Cost Reports: on the 2nd December 2010 MCST, SPC and IB of BMBF have filled out and sent their cost report for the 1st Period (May to October included) See appendix 6. No payment can be done for the 2nd period before receiving a completed cost report.

<u>4. WP5</u>

Two points have been discussed: the Flyers and the e-Newsletter

FLYERS: APRE has proposed two types of flyers (for KS and for a 'wider public'). APRE is convinced of the necessity of having a general flyer which would present the project various services to the public: info days, thematic workshops, Newsletter, trainings. "We do need an institutional flyer that is presenting the aim of the project to a wider public and not only to KSP. Otherwise, all the NON KS stakeholders will feel the project is not for them". However, after discussion, partners proposed to keep only the flyer dedicated to KS as they are the only PACE-Net target group.

THE E-NEWSLETTERS: the draft is approved by partners but must be flexible to communicate the most relevant information, at the right moment (e.g. flexibility on date of publication, number of pages, categories). Every partner will propose article or information relevant for the audience (sent to the consortium in order to avoid two articles on same topic).

The e-newsletter is flexible but our idea is that every partner has responsibility to specific topic because each partner has a specific competence in the project and can write a specific article in his sector.

We have identified 8 topics. Each item will have a maximum of 100 words (to convey short and direct information to the reader; for further information it is better to use hyperlinks).

The Pace-Net e-newsletter will be uploaded in the pace-net website. APRE web-master will provide contact to IRD for the on-line publication.

The first e-newsletter will comprise general information (*see appendix* **7** "updated note on the project") and preliminary results of mapping (see the 2-page-note in process). To be published and sent on January 20, APRE will receive these documents before January 10, 2011.

APRE needs a list of all relevant contacts for e-newsletter dissemination. Every partner must send their list before January 10n 2011 to Emanuela DANE (emanuela.dane@apre.it) or to the European Project Manager. The list will indicate the name of the person, name of the organisation or position and email address.

We may want to include in this list, the contact list built for WP 1 and 2. We will send you and Excel file that you will have to fill in.

OA suggests publishing a general article on PACE-Net in scientific journals dedicated to the Pacific (if any).

Website will be completed and finished by the end of December 2010.

Remark: Same size for all partners' logos, map with the Pacific in the middle of the Webpage.

5. Other remarks

CG mentions a workshop organised by FRENZ on water (fresh sustainable water allocation) with 10 European researchers (OCTs can apply) and 10 NZ researchers. This will be held in NZ from 13th to 18th March 2011. Before the 15th December 2010, researchers working on this topic can apply; they will be selected in mid-January 2011.

Meeting closed on 3rd November 2010

Appendix 1a: WP1 preliminary results



Response Rate continued				THE UNIV	VERSITY OF TH
	1	1			
	Questionnaire	Questionnaire 1		Questionnaire 2	
Survey	Sent	Received		Received	
ACP	43	6	6		11
OCT	38	5	12		25
Regional	4	L	2		12
	85		20		48
Total					

Research and Development Sectors



Р

IVERSITY OF THE

Fundi Pacifi	ng of c	Re	esear	ch	Projec	cts	in			п	E UNIVERSITY O SOUTH PACIFIC	P
					French		New				Regional	
	Fiji	%	Samoa	%	Polynesia	%	Caledonia	%	France	%	Organization	%
Federal Government					11	52%	1	33%			1	8%
National								100				
Government	3	43%	3	75%	16	76%	3	%	1	100%	2	17%
State Government					6	29%	1	33%				
Provincial												
Government												
Local Government			1	25%	2	10%						
Regional											٦Ļ	
Organization	1	14%			2	29%	1	33%	1	100%	7	58%
Enterprises					3	14%	2	67%				
Associations					1	5%						
Foundations					1	5%	1	33%			1	8%
IGO's											3	25%
NGO's												
Bilateral Donors			2	50%							12	100%
Multilateral Donors			2	50%					1	100%	3	25%
Others	2	29%										

• Most of the funding in the Pacific comes from the National Governments.

- Second most funding comes from foreign donors.
- Third most funding is from regional organizations.

Top Five External Donors in the Pacific Region



Top Seven Reasons Given by researchers for cooperation with Donors



- 1. To get funding for your research.
- 2. Access to new S&T knowledge.
- 3. Enlarge network for further research.
- 4. Increase in scientific publications.
- 5. Diffusion of best practices (e.g. technique, knowledge).
- 6. Increase the reputation of your organization.
- 7. Access to research infrastructures of partners.







5. Please identify the difficulties you faced in being involved in the FP 7 for research and technological development. (Answer only if you have answered "yes" to the first question)

- ✓ Poor information on FP 7
- ✓ Poor knowledge on rules to receive funding
- ✓ Difficulties in finding information
- ✓ Poor knowledge on submission rules
- ✓ No contacts with EU research institutions
- ✓ Difficulties in writing research projects





Appendix 1b



SECRETARIAT OF THE PACIFIC COMMUNITY SECRETARIAT GÉNÉRAL DE LA COMMUNAUTÉ DU PACIFIQUE

Status and agenda

- 3 questionnaires in the PACE-Net survey:
 - 1 targeting the Pacific islands organisations undertaking S&T research
 - 1 targeting the **New Zealand and Australian organisations** undertaking S&T research in and with the region
 - 1 targeting the Pacific island ministries
- Pacific island-based organisations involved in S&T research (# 1)
 Almost finished September to November
- Australian and New Zealand organisations involved in S&T research with and for the Pacific islands (# 2)
 - Currently underway November to January/February (to discuss)
- Pacific island governmental institutions (# 3)
 - To be launched February March 2011 (to discuss)

Secretariat of the pacific community Secretariat général de la communauté du pacifique

PACE-Net questionnaire # 1 and 2

"PACE-Net Questionnaire on Science and Technology Research, Cooperation and Strategies of Organisations in the Pacific involved in Research"

"PACE-Net Questionnaire on Science and Technology Research, Cooperation and Strategies of Australian and New Zealand Organisations involved in Research in the Pacific"

- Targeted research institutions, universities and other academic institutions, regional organisations and private companies in the Pacific islands
- Targeted administration and research teams of each organisations within each organisation

2 parts

2 doc attachments

SECRETARIAT OF THE PACIFIC COMMUNITY SECRETARIAT GÉNÉRAL DE LA COMMUNAUTÉ DU PACIFIQUE

(i) Definition

• Science and technology – <u>www.cordis.europe.eu</u> (FP 7)

Research & Development Sectors				
Agriculture & food supply	Industry & industrial technology			
Biology & medicine	Information & Communication Technology			
Energy	Social & Economic Concerns			
Environment & climate	Transport & Construction			

Research – problematic for development organisations like SPC that is not a research organisation:

Any applied and basic study involving natural and social sciences that is performed methodically and with scientific rigour to gather and analyse a body of information or data in order to prove a hypothesis or answer a specific question in order to extract new meaning or developing unique solutions

> SECRETARIAT OF THE PACIFIC COMMUNITY SECRETARIAT GÉNÉRAL DE LA COMMUNAUTÉ DU PACIFIQUE

- (ii) Formulation of questions
- Examples of questionnaires consulted:
 - Inco-Net SEA-EU-NET
 - Online NET-BIOME ERANET survey
- Introduction, instructions, definitions and abbreviations

Part I for the Corporate, Administration and/or Finance

- Questions pertaining to the identification of:
 - organisations undertaking research activities, the representative and contact person (Task 1.1, WP 3 and 4)
 - role of the organisation in research (Task 1.2)
 - major research donors and beneficiary of the organisation (WP 3 and 4)
 - research capacity of the organisations per R&D sector (funding, staff, student, publications) to identify needs and future funding opportunities (Task 2.3)



	Sécrétariat of the pacific community Sécrétariat général de la communauté du pacifique						
-							
USF	2	IRD			SPC		
USF	P (FJ)	CCT (NC)	IFREMER (NC)	IRD (PF)	SPC (FJ, NC)		
FNL	J (FJ)	CNRS (NC)	Musée NC (NC)	IFREMER (PF)	SOPAC (FJ)		
Uni	Fiji (FJ)	IAC (NC)	Institut Pasteur (NC)	CRIOBE (PF)	FFA (SI)		
SRI	F (Samoa)	CNRT (NC)	Géophysical (NC)	ILM (PF)	SPREP (Samoa)		
CMI	l (MI)	IRD (NC)	Bluecham(NC)	UPF (PF)			
NAG	C (MI)	UNC (NC)	GOPS (NC)	Météo France (PF)			
cor	M (MI)	Météo France (NC)	ADEME (NC)	Tetiaroa Society (PF)			
PIC	RC (Palau)	IANCP(NC)	AFD (NC)	Government (PF)			
NUS	S (Samoa)	DIMENQ (NC)	ISEE (NC)	IRSN (PF)			
SRC	OS (FJ)	Biocenose (NC)	CREDO (Fr)	CEA- LDG Pamatai (PF)			

SECRETARIAT OF THE PACIFIC COMMUNITY SECRETARIAT GENERAL DE LA COMMUNAUTE DU PACIFIQUE

(v) Follow-up

- mid-October onwards
- Via email USP, IRD and SPC
- Telephone USP, IRD and SPC
- Meeting the respondents in person USP, IRD and SPC
 - All respondents within USP, SPC and IRD
 - Travels to and within Fiji (Uni Fiji, FNU, Ministry of Primary Industry, SRIF, Douglas Pharmaceutical, SPC, SOPAC and Public Departments) and to Samoa (NUS, SPREP, Department of Energy, USP agriculture division and SROS)
 - Where possible fill-up on the spot

Feedback and analysis: USP

Conclusions/recommendation: USP

10

9

Appendix 2: WP2 preliminary results





3/10

Secretariat of the pacific community Secretariat général de la communauté du pacifique

• 57 development agendas and programmes were analysed

Agendas	Academ	ic &	Regional Development	Initiatives	Bilateral	Multilateral
	Researc	h Institutions	Agencies		Donor	Donor
MDGs	USP	IRD	FFA	CRISP	AusAID	UNDP
Mauritius	UPNG	IPNC	FSM	IFRECOR	ACIAR	UNICEF
Strategy						
Cotonou	NARI	IAC	PIDP	ICRI	USA	WHO
Agreement						
Pacific Plan	PNG-	IFREMER	SOPAC	Pacific	NZAID	UNFPA
	IMR			Fund		
PIF Leader's	UNC	ILM	SPBEA	GEF	France	UNIFEM
communiqués						
PINDP	UFP	CRIOBE	SPREP	CNRT	JICA	UNAIDS
		Gump Station	SPC	ZoNéCO	Others	UNESCO
				Te mana o		ADB
				te moana		
				GOPS		EU
				ICCAI		

SECRETARIAT OF THE PACIFIC COMMUNITY SECRETARIAT GÉNÉRAL DE LA COMMUNAUTÉ DU PACIFIQUE

Science and Technology: Used the thematic areas of FP7 (<u>www.cordis.europa.eu</u>) as a starting point:

Top-level themes	Thematic breakdown
Agriculture & food supply	Veterinary & animal sciences, agriculture, food, agricultural biotechnology, resources of the sea including fisheries
Biology & medicine	Medicine, health, biotechnology, life sciences, healthcare delivery/services, medical biotechnology
Energy	Nuclear fission, nuclear fusion, fossil fuels, renewable sources of energy, energy storage, energy, transport, energy saving, biofuels, hydrogen & fuel cells, clean coal technologies
Environment & climate	Meterology, environmental protection, radiation protection, waste management, radioactive waste, sustainable development, earth sciences, climate change & carbon cycle research, water resource management
Industry & industrial technology	Industrial manufacture, materials technology, nanotechnology & nanosciences, industrial biotech
Information & Communication Technology	Electonics, microelectronics, information processing, information systems, telecommunications, automation, robotics, ICT applications, network technologies
Social & Economic Concerns	Social aspects, education, training, information, media, economic aspects, regional development, employment issues, safety ,security
Transport & Construction	Construction technology, transport, aerospace technology, space & satellite research, other technology

SECRETARIAT OF THE PACIFIC COMMUNITY SECRETARIAT GÉNÉRAL DE LA COMMUNAUTÉ DU PACIFIQUE

- (ii) Desktop review and compilation of data
- Internet search
- Annual reports and reports USP, IPNC, UPNG, IFREMER, SPC, SOPAC, etc.
- Email/fax requests for S&T research projects funded by the donor agencies for the period 2008-2010 – AusAID, NZAID and UN agencies
- Face to face meetings ACIAR, CRISP



For each of the agendas and programmes studied:

- S&T topics; and
- Cross-cutting issues were noted

S&T topics		Cross-cutting issues	
Water management	Environment	Labour mobility	Human Security
Energy	Disaster Management	Education	Sustainable
			Development
Climate Change	Water & Sanitation	Human resource	Poverty Alleviation
Food Security	Mineral Resources	Private sector	Tourism
Fisheries & Aquaculture	Culture, Social and Human	Governance & Policy	Disabilities
	Sciences		
ICT	Biodiversity	Economic Development	Gender Equality
Agriculture & Forestry	Technology and Innovation	Trade	
Health	Indigenous Knowledge		
	Systems		
Transport	Media Studies		
Infrastructure	Marine Studies		

7/10

SECRETARIAT OF THE PACIFIC COMMUNITY SECRETARIAT GÉNÉRAL DE LA COMMUNAUTÉ DU PACIFIQUE

(iii) Analysis

- Each time an agenda or a programme mentioned a S&T topic, it was tallied (see Table 1,2,3,4,6, and 7 in the report)
- A total was done at the end for all the 57 agendas and programmes
- Conclusions:

•

 From the 57 development agendas and programmes analysed 15 priority S&T topics were identify:

(1) Health	(6) Energy	(11) Transport
(2) Fisheries and aquaculture	(7) culture, social and human sciences	(12) Water and Sanitation
(3) Biodiversity	(8) ICT	(13) Food security
(4) Environment	(9) Agriculture and forestry	(14) Waster management
(5) Climate change	(10) Disaster management	(15) Mineral resource

• SPC has also attempted to propose some recommendations



Appendix 3: Survey for governmental bodies

PACE-Net Questionnaire on Science and Technology Research, Cooperation and Strategies of Governmental Institutions in the Pacific



Pacific Europe NETWORK for Science and Technology

Introduction

The PACE-Net project on Science and Technology (S&T) research, cooperation and strategies aims at strengthening regional and international cooperation in S&T research for development between the Pacific Island Countries of the Asian Caribbean Pacific¹ group, the Pacific Overseas Countries and Territories², Australia, New Zealand and the European Union (EU) member countries. The PACE-Net also seeks to incorporate S&T issues in development policies of the Pacific island in order enhance the effectiveness of these policies.

To inform the above activities and to build an efficient network, it is necessary to appraise the situation of science and technology research in the Pacific from all aspects, including the role that the governmental institutions may play in science and technology research of the Pacific island region.

Your answers to this questionnaire will:

permit to identify the best approach to enhance the network.

 assist in articulating recommendations of greater inclusion of priority research programmes in regional and national policies *via* Pacific Island Forums Leaders' endorsement; and

 identify the strategic areas of future collaboration and cooperation in research in the Pacific under the auspices of the EU's funding instrument of the 7th Framework Programme (FP 7) for research and technological development.

For more information on the PACE-Net project, please consult the website: <u>www.pacenet.eu</u>.

Your institution is kindly requested to fill in the questions provided below. The questionnaire pertains to information on your policy, your collaboration and cooperation activities and your code of ethics for S&T research activities.

For your reference, terminology definition (research, collaboration and cooperation, etc.) and a glossary of broad science and technology research themes have been provided below.

¹ Cook Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Nauru, Niue, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands, Timor-Leste, Tonga, Tuvalu, Samoa and Vanuatu.

² French Polynesia, New Caledonia, Pitcairn Islands, Wallis and Futuna

In order to allow for a prompt analysis of your data, please return the completed questionnaire no later than **15th March**, **2011**.

Further information or inquiries; please do not hesitate to contact:

• Fanny Pascual, PACE-Net European Project Manager at Institut de recherche pour le Développement (IRD) on email <u>fanny.pascual@ird.fr</u> or telephone (687) 26 07 97

 Izzal Azid, PACE-Net Research Officer at University of South Pacific on email azid s@usp.ac.fjj or telephone (679) 32 32859

 Shilpa Kumar-Roiné, PACE-Net Research Officer at Secretariat of the Pacific Community on email <u>shilpakr@spc.int</u> or telephone (687) 26 20 00

Definitions and glossary

Collaboration: researchers or research organisations with complementary skills, who share resources and responsibilities to jointly plan, implement and evaluate research work to achieve common goals

Cooperation: individuals or organisations that associate to facilitate research by providing funds, equipment purchasing, etc.

Research: any applied and basic study involving natural and social sciences that is performed methodically and with scientific rigour to gather and analyse a body of information or data in order to prove a hypothesis or answer a specific question in order to extract new meaning or develop unique solutions.

Agriculture and food supply includes veterinary and animal sciences; agriculture; food production and food security; agricultural biotechnology and resources of the land and sea

Biology and medicine includes medicine; health, including public health and sanitation; biotechnology; life sciences; healthcare delivery/services; medical biotechnology

Energy includes nuclear fission; nuclear fusion; fossil fuels; renewable sources of energy; energy storage; energy transport; energy saving; biofuels; hydrogen and fuel cells; other energy topics; clean coal technologies

Environment and climate includes meteorology; environmental protection; radiation protection; waste management; radioactive waste; sustainable development; earth sciences; climate change and carbon cycle research; water resource management; biodiversity; disaster management, sanitation

Industry and industrial technology includes industrial manufacturing; materials technology; nanotechnology and nanoscience; industrial biotechnology; mineral and metal mining; sea bed resources

Information and communication technology includes electronics and microelectronics; information processing, information systems; telecommunications; automation; robotics; ICT application; network technologies

Social and economic concerns includes social aspects; education and training; information and media; economic aspects; regional development; employment issues; safety; security; governance; private sector; poverty alleviation; gender equality; culture

Transport and construction includes construction technology; transport; aerospace technology; space and satellite research; other technology not included elsewhere

1. Please provide your contact information (please fill in the space provide):

Country:	
Name of the ministry:	
Name of contact person:	
Position (job title):	
Address:	
Email:	
Tel. No:	
Fax No :	
Website (if available):	

2. Does your ministry have a science and technology policy? (please tick in the appropriate box):

☐ YES (please go to questions 2.1 and 2.2	□ NO (please go to question 2.3 below)
below)	

2.1. If yes, has your ministry's science and technology policy identified RS&T priority areas? Please indicate below what are the priority areas.

Agriculture, fisheries and food	Information and
supply	communication technology
Biology and medicine (health)	Social and economic
Energy	<u>concerns</u>
Environment and climate	Transport and construction
Industry and industrial	Others (specify):
technology	

2.2. Is your ministry's science & technology policy publically available?

YES	(please supply link):	□ NO	

2.1. If your ministry's science and technology policy has not identified priority areas, are there key RS&T areas of interest to your ministry?

Agriculture, fisheries and food	Information and
<u>supply</u>	communication technology
Biology and medicine (health)	Social and economic
Energy	concerns
Environment and climate	Transport and construction
Industry and industrial	Others (specify):
technology	

3. Are there any existing codes of ethics for your science & technology research activities? (please tick in the appropriate box):

□ YES	
If yes, can you precise which one? And can	
you provide a link/document to the code?	

4. Does your ministry fund any science & technology research activities?

□ YES			□ NO
If yes, can	you provide y	our budget for th	9
following yea	ars (please spe	ecify the currency):	
2008:	2009:	2010:	

5. Does your ministry receive funding from any external agencies to conduct your S&T research activities?

☐ YES	
If yes, please supply the names:	

6. Does your ministry have any science & technology research collaborations?

YES (please go to question 6.1)	□ NO	

6.1. If yes, please state with which organisations and countries your ministry collaborates with for research activities (5 major organisations in descending order of importance):

21.	<u>Organisation</u>	22.	Country
23.	<u>1.</u>	24.	
25.	2	26.	
27.	<u>3.</u>	28.	
29.	<u>4.</u>	30.	
31.	<u>5.</u>	32.	

We thank you for the time taken to reply to this questionnaire.

Please send your completed questionnaire no later than March 15, 2011 to either:

• Fanny Pascual, PACE-Net European Project Manager at Institut de recherche pour le Développement (IRD) on email <u>fanny.pascual@ird.fr</u> or telephone (687) 26 07 97

 Izzal Azid, PACE-Net Research Officer at University of South Pacific on email azid s@usp.ac.fjj or telephone (679) 32 32859

 Shilpa Kumar-Roiné, PACE-Net Research Officer at Secretariat of the Pacific Community on email <u>shilpakr@spc.int</u> or telephone (687) 26 20 00

Appendix 4: Detailed list of Key stakeholders

New Caledonia	KS	French polynesia	KS	Aust - NZ	KS	Europe	KS
ССТ		IRD		university of Auckland (NZ)		Karlsruhe Institute for Technology, Centre for Disaster Management and Risk Reduction Technologies (Germany)	
CNRS	no more in NC	IFREMER		AUT university (NZ)		Jogeva Plant Breeding Institute (Estonia)	
IAC		CRIOBE		Centre for International Health, University of Otago (NZ)		T.I.B. Development (Netherlands)	
CNRT		ILM		ANU (Aus)		INESC Porto (Portugal)	
UNC		UPF		Australian Defence Science and Technology Organisation (Aus)		CIRCLE, Lund university (Sweden)	
Météo France		Météo France		Oxford Systematics (Aus)		Università di Palermo (Italy)	
Institut		Tetiaroa Society		Victoria Police (Aus)		Instituto Nazionale di Geofisica e	
d'archéologie						Vulcanologia - Sezione di Pisa (Italy)	
IFREMER		Government of French Polynesia		Department of Archaeology and Natural History (Aus)		University of Oxford (UK)	
Musée NC		IRSN		CQ University - Institute for Resource Industries and Sustainability (Aus)		CREDO	
Institut Pasteur		CEA- LDG Pamatai		BioDetectors Pty Ltd & Quintain Consulting Pty Ltd (Aus)		CIRIMAT University Paul Sabatier	
Geophysical		AAMP PF		University of Adelaide, Faculty of Health Sciences (Aus)		Agro-Sup Dijon, Université de Bourgogne (France)	
BlueCham		Service équipement PF		Department of Chemistry, La Trobe		INRA	

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Page 31

		University (Aus)	
GOPS	Perliculture divison FP	Centre for Engineered Quantum Systems (Aus)	
ADEME	FP fisheries dep. (Statistics division)	The University of Sydney (Aus)	
AFD	GUMP Moorea – University of Berkeley	Baker IDI(Aus)	
DIMENC	tahiti fa'ahotu (pôle innovation recherche et développement)	The University of New South Wales (Aus)	
Biocenose		Serval Project (Aus)	
DASS		Program in Maritime Archaeology, Flinders University (Aus)	
ISEE		Monash University (Aus)	
GIE Oceanide		Organo-metallic Chemistry and Molecular Materials Research Group (Aus)	

								TOTAL
NC	4	FP	5	AUS-NZ	20	Europe	11	40
%	10,0%		12,5%		50,0%		27,5%	100,0%

Appendix 5: Renewable energy project at USP

Authors: <u>Gardiner, Derek</u>, <u>Roy, Sukanta, Djurovic</u>, <u>Momir, De Alwis</u>, <u>Ajith, Yoshino</u>, <u>Hiroshi, Raturi, Atul</u>, <u>Ravindran, M, Dasappa, S, Kumar, Arun</u>, Hasan, Mohd Nordin

Powerpoint presentation by Atul Raturi (USP)

(Some of the photos have been removed to lighten the document)

Litghting Up the Pacific sustainably

There are 1.4 billion people without access to electricity (IEA, 2009).

Access to Electricity (PICs)



Fuel for Electricity Generation

PNG	35% Hydro,39%	oil,25% Natural gas	
Vanuatu	93% Diesel	Hydro 27%	
Tonga	All Diesel		
Tokelau	All Diesel	with Fiji & PNG	
Tuvalu	All Diesel		3/6
Palau	All Diesel	Gas Purchased 0.0000	Diesel
Niue	All Diesel		89%
Marshall Islands	All Diesel		
Kiribati	All Diesel		
FSM	All Diesel		
Cook Islands	All Diesel		
		11%	



Electricity Generation



Total Capacity ~ 1,100 MW

Electricity per Capita





Petroleum Supply (Tuvalu-2005)

Pacific Island Countries (PICs)



Climate Change & Fiji Islands



Fiji climate change could result in a 100 per cent increase in cyclone damage, an increase in dengue fever cases of between 20 and 30 per cent and a decline in crop yields of up to 15 per cent.

Not If But When : World Bank Report(2006)

Coral Bleaching and a decrease in coral cover

Reefs : 50% reduction

Carteret Islands, PNG



By 2015: All 6 (7 now!!) Islands will be submerged. 2000 people displaced

The sea has dissected the Huen Island into two.



Similar stories in Kiribati, Tuvalu and others

Mount Jaya , New Guinea Island



Temperature increase on the Island ~ 0.3 Degrees every decade ; Among the fastest in the world

Glaciers have receded more then 300 meters in the last 30 years Flora and fauna: waiting to be discovered (if survive !!)

Lighting Sources in PICs

Country	Year	Elec	Wick lamp	Pressure lamp	Other	Comments
Fiji	1996	62	29	8	1	
Marshall Islands	1999 national rural	63 13	- 31 kerosene - - 78 kerosene -		5 15	'Other' is solar PV
Palau	2000	~100	0	0	0	
PNG	1996/97 Moresby national	76 12	18 57	4	28	'Other" is mostly open fire.
Samoa	2001	93	- 7 kero (or benzine -	0	
Tonga	1996	79	36	4	7	'Other' includes solar 3% & genset 2%
Vanuatu	1999 national rural	19 7	- 74 ke	- 74 kerosene -		'Other' is mostly wood & coconut waste; Households are 77% rural & 23% urban

PIREP Regional Report 2004

Monthly spending on lighting fuel & batteries in unelectrified Fiji households(2003)



Its not poverty but the "Energy poverty "that makes them use poor quality lighting!!

Fuel Based Lighting Banish the Kerosene lamp

•A kerosene wick lantern produces~ 1 lux (lumen/m²) at 1 m distance. (recommended levels- 300-500 lux for common tasks).

•Annual light output of a kerosene lamp = light produced by a 100 W incandescent lamp in 10 hours : **Highly inefficient**.

•<u>Cost of lighting (\$/lumen hour</u>): 325 times of a bulb and 1625 times that of a CFL (In Africa- similar numbers for PICs).

•About 90% of the people in PNG use kerosene for lighting.

• 35 Million Liters/ year, \sim 98 M kg of CO₂ equivalent.

•Replacing half of kerosene lamps in PNG can generate ~50,000 CERs annually (Carbon trading potential).



Kerosene costs reduction



After buying a 1W LED light for 20 \$ (Vanuatu)

Renewable Energy is the Answer



Solar Home Systems in Fiji

•Department of Energy (FDOE) operated.

•Supply, Installation and Maintenance works are undertaken by private companies.

•Currently installed in Bua, Cakaudrove and Macuata Provinces in Vanua Levu and smaller islands.

•Consumers pay FJ\$50.00 up-front.

•Once installed – Monthly tariff of FJ\$14.00.

•Money is sent back to the FDOE to be kept in respective villages' trust account for maintenance purposes.

•Approximately **<u>1200</u>** households installed with SHS

•Approximately 30 villages and settlements

Solar Electrification (Kiribati)

•Solar Electricity development since 1980's

•About 2,200 SHS $\,$ (${\sim}100~W_p)$ and 200 public utility installations (150-600 $W_p)$

•Kiribati Solar Energy Company : Rural utility – Manager and owner of solar equipment

•Monthly fee A 9 (not enough to sustain the operations)

Fully Renewable Tuvalu



•e8 Solar power project •40 kW Grid Connected PV system

•410,000 USD

•56MWh annual generation

•Saved 17,000 L of diesel (14 months)

•Tuvalu plans to be 100% RE electrified by 2020.

REP-5



•Provides funding for RE projects in 5 PICs

- FSM

- -Nauru
- -Niue
- -Palau
- -RMI

FSM



2 Mini grid systems 5 Grid connected systems

http://eu-fsm-solar.blogspot.com/

Nauru



Grid connected PV system- Nauru College-40kW $_{\rm p,}$ Cost. 300,000 Euros

www.rep5.eu

Niue



Grid connected 20kWp PV system ,350,000 Euros

www.rep5.eu





Grid-connected PV system for the Capitol complex –100kW $_{\rm p}$, Cost: 1,040,000 Euros

www.rep5.eu

Marshall Islands



420 Solar Home Systems- $200W_p$ each Cost: 1.35 Million Euros

www.rep5.eu

Butoni Wind Farm (Fiji)



37 turbines:10 MW

Commissioned October 2007

Photos: Ankita Raturi

Biofuels CNO, Ethanol and Biodiesel



CNO usage in PNG

Two Pilot projects in Fiji (DOE) (2000-2001) : Dual fuel systems
•80 kVA generator in Vanuabalavu, Lau
•45 kVA generator in Welagi, Taveuni
Concept works
Supply chain and management issues
Interest in all PICs

USP RE Projects

KOICA – USP Renewable Energy Project

- •2 Million USD
- •3 components
 - 1. Capacity Building : GA Scholarships
 - 2. A 54 kW Grid-Connected PV System (48 kW + 6kW)
 - 3. Renewable Energy Resource Monitoring & Data Centre

Grid Tied PV System



USP Lower Campus

PV site

Standalone PV System



Funded by US Pacific Environment Small Grants (FJD 42,000)
1.2 kW PV system testing under real-world conditions
Monitoring and evaluation : M.Sc. project

A Wind-solar hybrid system



1.02 kW Wind-Solar Hybrid System for street lightingFunded by the French

Embassy

•M.Sc. Project

Two projects being funded by the French Embassy

•A 1.5 kW solar PV system

•Strategies for replacing kerosene lamps by Solar LED/CFL lights- Testing of available lights and Microfinancing

•Total : Approx. FJD 100,000

Plant Dyes based Solar Cells

All our traditional sources of energy (except wind energy and hydropower are the result of Photosynthesis.

Dye Sensitized Solar cells mimic Photosynthesis process.

Organic dyes are used in place of Silicon to absorb sunlight.

Various plant dyes are being tested: M.Sc. Project



In PNG- Berries

In Fiji – Hibiscus flowers

Biofuel Projects

Coconut Oil/Diesel Hybrid Fuels: M.Sc.
 Project

Cassava based Ethanol – M.Sc project

Ocean Power

M.Sc.projects in

•Tidal power assessment

•Wave energy assessment



•Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC)

Wind Power

M.Sc. Projects

- •Assessment of Wind Energy potential
- •Design and testing of airfoils and blades.



Nabowalu Hybrid System :

Then and Now



720 kWh/day , 60% from RET. Commissioned in 1998

TODAY



Trained Manpower Needed

	Арр	endix 6: Cost	r <mark>eport tem</mark>	plate			
Personnel costs		Profile of the staff member (function, statute			Hourly or	Time spent (Person or	WP
	Amount	((permanent/temporary additional), duties, etc)			Monthly rate	hours/Month)	N°
	0,00				0,00	0,00	
	0,00				0,00	0,00	
	0,00				0,00	0,00	
	0,00				0,00	0,00	
	0,00						
Total Personnel (1)	0,00						
Travel/Subsistence			Origin /	Name of staff	VERY PRECI	SE purpose of the travel	WP
	Amount (excl VAT)	Dates of travel	Destination	travelling	and lin	k with the project	N°
	0,00						
	0,00						
	0,00						
	0,00						
	0,00						
	0,00						
Total Travel/Subsistence (2)	0,00						
Equipment costs				Depreciation			
(any lack of depreciation must be based on a legal		Nature of the	Full price (excl	system applied			
document to submit by the organisation proving the	Amount (excl VAT)	equipment (precise	VAT) of the	(rate, periodicity,	% use for the	Purpose of the equipment	WP
possibility not to apply depreciation)	DEPRECIATED	description)	equipment)	project	and link with the project	N°
	0,00						
	0,00						
Total Equipment (3)	0,00						
Consumables/supplies							
(consumables usually relate to the purchase,							
fabrication, repair or use of any materials, goods or							
equipment and software which: are not placed in the		Category of	Nature of the consumables		Purpose of these consumables and link		WP
inventory of durable equipment of the contractor)	Amount (excl VAT)	consumables	subcategory (precise description)		with the project		N°
	0,00						
	0,00						\parallel
	0,00						\vdash
	0,00						

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Total Consumables (4)	0,00							
Subcontracting								
(agreement on business conditions with one or more		Date of agreement						
beneficiaries, in order to carry out part of the work of		EC (technical annex						
the project without direct supervision of the beneficiary		or specific	Nature of the tasks subcontracted	Link with the project and need of this	WP			
and without relationship of subordination)	Amount (excl VAT)	agreement)	(precise description)	subcontract	N°			
	0,00							
	0,00							
	0,00							
Total Subcontracting (5)	0,00							
Other direct costs(any other costs not covered by								
other FP7 categories of costs - before claiming such								
costs please check the nature of the cost in regard to					WP			
FP7 financial rules)	Amount (excl VAT)	Nature of the cost (precise description)		Link with the project	N°			
	0,00							
	0,00							
	0,00							
	0,00							
Total Other costs (6)	0,00							
		Total Direct costs (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6)						
	0,00	(equal to direct costs	s declared in the original form C)					
Indirect costs/Overheads	0,00	(equal to direct costs	s declared in the original form C)					
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM	0,00	<u>(equal to direct costs</u> For ICM 'real indirect of	s declared in the original form C) costs' and 'simplified method'; precise					
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate,	0,00	for ICM 'real indirect of me	costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplifi	ied			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this	0,00	for ICM 'real indirect costs For ICM 'real indirect of me For ICM 'flat standard	costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplifi method', please indicate nature of cos	ied ts			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate)	0,00 Amount	<u>(equal to direct costs</u> For ICM 'real indirect o me For ICM 'flat standard	costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 %	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered	ied ts			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate)	0,00 Amount	<u>(equal to direct costs</u> For ICM 'real indirect o me For ICM 'flat standard	s declared in the original form C) costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 %	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered	ied ts			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate) Adjustment(s)	0,00 Amount	<u>(equal to direct costs</u> For ICM 'real indirect o me For ICM 'flat standard	s declared in the original form C) costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 %	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered Detail of the calculation of the adjusted	ied ts			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate) Adjustment(s) (correction of costs declared in previous period(s))	0,00 Amount	<u>(equal to direct costs</u> For ICM 'real indirect o me For ICM 'flat standard	s declared in the original form C) costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 %	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered Detail of the calculation of the adjusted amount (for each component of the	ied ts			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate) Adjustment(s) (correction of costs declared in previous period(s))	0,00 Amount	Gequal to direct costs For ICM 'real indirect of For ICM 'flat standard Nature of the cost (p	costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 %	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered Detail of the calculation of the adjusted amount (for each component of the adjustment) - if necessary use free	ied ts WP			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate) Adjustment(s) (correction of costs declared in previous period(s))	0,00 Amount Amount (excl VAT)	Gequal to direct costs For ICM 'real indirect of For ICM 'flat standard Nature of the cost (p requested for the	costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 % recise description (based on details he relevant category of costs))	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered Detail of the calculation of the adjusted amount (for each component of the adjustment) - if necessary use free format to show the calculation	ied ts WP N°			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate) Adjustment(s) (correction of costs declared in previous period(s))	0,00 Amount Amount (excl VAT) 0,00	<u>(equal to direct costs</u> For ICM 'real indirect o me For ICM 'flat standard Nature of the cost (p requested for t	costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 % recise description (based on details he relevant category of costs))	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered Detail of the calculation of the adjusted amount (for each component of the adjustment) - if necessary use free format to show the calculation	ied ts WP N°			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate) Adjustment(s) (correction of costs declared in previous period(s))	0,00 Amount Amount (excl VAT) 0,00 0,00	<u>(equal to direct costs</u> For ICM 'real indirect o me For ICM 'flat standard Nature of the cost (p requested for t	costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 % recise description (based on details he relevant category of costs))	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered Detail of the calculation of the adjusted amount (for each component of the adjustment) - if necessary use free format to show the calculation	ied ts WP N°			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate) Adjustment(s) (correction of costs declared in previous period(s))	0,00 Amount Amount (excl VAT) 0,00 0,00 0,00	(equal to direct costs For ICM 'real indirect o me For ICM 'flat standard Nature of the cost (p requested for t	costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 % recise description (based on details he relevant category of costs))	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered Detail of the calculation of the adjusted amount (for each component of the adjustment) - if necessary use free format to show the calculation	ied ts WP N°			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate) Adjustment(s) (correction of costs declared in previous period(s))	0,00 Amount Amount (excl VAT) 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	<u>(equal to direct costs</u> For ICM 'real indirect o me For ICM 'flat standard Nature of the cost (p requested for t	costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 % recise description (based on details he relevant category of costs))	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered Detail of the calculation of the adjusted amount (for each component of the adjustment) - if necessary use free format to show the calculation	ied ts ₩P N°			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate) Adjustment(s) (correction of costs declared in previous period(s))	0,00 Amount Amount (excl VAT) 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	<u>(equal to direct costs</u> For ICM 'real indirect o me For ICM 'flat standard Nature of the cost (p requested for t	costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 % recise description (based on details he relevant category of costs))	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered Detail of the calculation of the adjusted amount (for each component of the adjustment) - if necessary use free format to show the calculation	ied ts WP N°			
Indirect costs/Overheads (For reminder indirect costs must be in line with ICM negotiated (real, simplified, standard flat rate, transitional flat rate). This is not limited to 7% this being the EC reimbursement rate) Adjustment(s) (correction of costs declared in previous period(s)) Total Adjustment General total of costs declared in original	0,00 Amount Amount (excl VAT) 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	(equal to direct costs For ICM 'real indirect of me For ICM 'flat standard Nature of the cost (p requested for the	a declared in the original form C) costs' and 'simplified method'; precise thod of calculation rate' and 'transitional flat rate', simply indicate 20 % recise description (based on details ne relevant category of costs))	For ICM 'real indirect costs' and 'simplif method', please indicate nature of cos covered Detail of the calculation of the adjusted amount (for each component of the adjustment) - if necessary use free format to show the calculation	ied ts WP N°			

Appendix 7: Updated note on the project

PACE-Net (INCO-Net)

Duration of the project: May 2010 – April 2013

http://www.pacenet.eu/

Since May 1st 2010 (official starting date), PACE-Net is the 10th INCO-Net project (acronym for « *INternational CO-operation- Networking* ») financed by the European program *Capacity* (7th Framework Program).

INCO-Nets projects deal with bi-regional dialogue between EU and 10 regions: Western Balkans, Mediterranean countries, Eastern Europe and Central Asia, Asia, Latin America, Central America, Sub-Saharan Africa, Caribbean countries and Pacific region. These dialogues aim at promoting participation in FP7 and long-term regional integration. They would support cooperation, collaboration, sharing good practices and information as development method in research.

PACE-Net is the INCO-Net project dedicated to Pacific area.

Objectives of the Project:

- To reinforce existing dialogues and Networks and promote regional integration for these networks.
- To identify S&T international cooperation activities and programs towards the Pacific region.
- To strengthen the coordination of S&T cooperation and the complementarities with activities and programs carried out by other Community instruments.

Actions set up:

PACE-Net actions for the next three years:

- State of the art of Pacific S&T research (*via* questionnaires)
- Thematic workshops to identify priorities in Pacific region
- 3 bi-regional dialogue platforms (EU-Pacific) based on results from state of the art and thematic workshops. These meetings will reinforce dialogue and network between the 2 regions, particularly on identified priorities
- Info days and training on FP7 and implementation of National Contact Points in the Pacific (NCPs)
- Communication and information on the project and its results.

Partnership:

10 partners in PACE-Net consortium:

Institut de Recherche pour le Développement (IRD) - *France* - <u>www.ird.fr</u> <u>Agenzia per la Promozione della Ricerca Europea</u> (APRE) - *Italy* - <u>www.apre.it</u> International Bureau of the Federal Ministry of Education and Research (PT-DLR) - *Germany* - <u>www.pt-dlr.de/pt</u> Malta Council for Science and Technology (MCST) - *Malta* - <u>www.mcst.gov.mt</u> Australian National University (ANU) - *Australia* - <u>www.anu.edu.au</u> Ministry of Research, Science and Technology (MoRST) - *New Zealand* - <u>www.morst.govt.nz</u> University of South Pacific (USP) - *Fiji* - <u>www.usp.ac.fj</u> Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC) - *New Caledonia* - <u>www.spc.int</u>

University of Papua New Guinea (UPNG) - *Papua New Guinea* - <u>www.upng.ac.pg</u> Euro Research Support Limited (CGC) - *New Zealand* - <u>www.frenz.org.nz</u>

IRD in PACE-Net

Because of its presence and action in the Pacific area, the IRD coordinate PACE-Net project *via* its Centre based in Noumea (New Caledonia).

IRD is involved in the 6 Work Packages (WP) but acts as leader for 2 of them. WP6 focuses on the (administrative and financial) management of the project and on the organization of the Kick-off meeting (held in Noumea, in June 2010). WP4 about *"EU-Pacific S&T cooperation platforms: capacity building and partnership"* aims at organising 5 thematic/transversal workshops (two per year) and info days on FP7 for institutions and key stakeholders.

News

- July 2010: Minutes of the Kick off meeting; set up basis of the Project and are the starting point for PACE-Net activities.
- **28th September 5th October 2010:** visit to Directorate General of EC in Brussels to identify EC priorities, procedure and work program.
- 15th October 2010: PACE-Net website is on line since, with the key stakeholders' application campaign.
 APPLY NOW! http://www.pacenet.eu/
- 30th November 3rd December 2010: Consortium committee meeting in Suva on the state of the art in the region. USP, UPNG and SPC (partners involved in WPs dedicated to the state of the art) have produced a questionnaire for organisations interested in Pacific S&T research. The survey will start in September and a preliminary report will be written in November 2010.
- Mid-March 2011: closing date for the survey.
- 28th March 1st April 2011: FP7 training session for multipliers in New Caledonia (identification of NCPs)
- **1**st semester 2011: first thematic workshop organized in the Pacific
- June 2011: major meeting will combine the 1st bi-regional dialogue platform, second thematic workshop and FP7 info days in the Pacific.

Contacts

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Fanny PASCUAL (European Project Manager) fanny.pascual @ird.fr